

## **MEETING ABSTRACT**

Open Access

# Carbonated drinks, chips intake and their relation to Intelligence Quotient (IQ) among primary school children in Baghdad city, Iraq

Hasanain Faisal Ghazi<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Zaleha Md Isa<sup>1</sup>, Mohammed A AbdalQader<sup>1</sup>, Isidore Koffi Kouadio<sup>2</sup>, Azam Rahimi<sup>1,2</sup>, Nimetcan Mehmet Orhun<sup>2</sup>, Syed Mohamed Aljunid<sup>2</sup>

From 6th Postgraduate Forum on Health Systems and Policies Melaka, Malaysia. 21-22 May 2012

### **Background**

The revolution in children's lifestyle and dietary habits which has occurred over the last thirty years can be largely attributed to changes in the family environment and in the social environment in general. Fast food is a diet high in processed foods and soft drinks. Children consuming more junk food are likely to have a lower intake of vitamins, minerals and essential fatty acids. The aim of this study was to assess the relationship between carbonated drinks, chips intake and intelligence quotient of primary school children.

#### **Methods**

A cross sectional study was conducted in Baghdad city, Iraq. A self-administered questionnaire was distributed to children's parents to elicit information on children food habits at school. Raven colored progressive matrices were used to obtain child's IQ score, any score more than 75th percentile was considered as high intelligence level.

#### Results

A total of 529 children participated in this study, (77.7%) of the children have high IQ level. Almost (60%) of the children drink carbonated drink daily, while (74%) eat chips every day. The association between drinking carbonated drinks, eating chips and intelligence level was significant (P = 0.043, 0.001) and prevalence odds ratio of 1.5 and 2.4 respectively.

#### <sup>1</sup>Department of Community Health, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia Medical Centre, Jalan Yaacob Latiff, 56000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

#### **Conclusions**

There were significant associations between carbonated drinks, chips intake and IQ score. More regulations on what to sell inside the schools canteen are needed. Increasing nutritional knowledge of the parents, especially the mothers is very important and more health promotions should be given regarding children nutrition in the early years of school.

#### **Author details**

<sup>1</sup>Department of Community Health, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia Medical Centre, Jalan Yaacob Latiff, 56000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. <sup>2</sup>United Nations University- International Institute for Global Health, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia Medical Centre, Jalan Yaacob Latiff, 56000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Published: 27 November 2012

doi:10.1186/1471-2458-12-S2-A19

Cite this article as: Ghazi et al.: Carbonated drinks, chips intake and their relation to Intelligence Quotient (IQ) among primary school children in Baghdad city, Iraq. BMC Public Health 2012 12(Suppl 2):A19.

# Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit



